Safety Data Sheet JRCURE 907

Version : V1.0.0.1 Creation Date : 2015/05/29 Revision Date : 2015/05/29



* According to UN GHS (the 5th revised edition)

1 Identification of the chemical and supplier

Product identifier

Product Name	JRCURE 907
Synonyms	2-methyl-1-(4-methylthiophenyl)-2-morpholinopropan-1-one
CAS No.	71868-10-5
EC No.	400-600-6
Molecular Formula	C ₁₅ H ₂₁ NO ₂ S

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Used for Photoinitiator etc.	
Uses advised against	No information available	

Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	TIANJIN JIURI NEW MATERIALS CO.,LTD
Address of the company	C-5/6, Vision Hill, No.1 Gonghua Road, Huayuan Hi-tech Park, Tianjin, China.
Post code	300384
Telephone number	022-58889235
Fax number	022-58889249
E-mail address	erica@jiurichem.com

Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number 022-58889220

2 Hazards identification

Hazard classification according to GHS

Acute toxicity-oral	Category 4
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2

Label elements

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	Danger

Hazard statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements

Prevention

P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P301+P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor/if you feel unwell.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P330	Rinse mouth.
P391	Collect spillage.

Storage

P405 Store locked up

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/ international regulations.

Hazard description

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Physical and chemical hazards	Solid. Does not mix with water. Sinks in water. Harmful if swallowed. Toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/Safety data sheets.
Health hazards	Persons with impaired respiratory function, airway diseases and conditions such as emphysema or chronic bronchitis, may incur further disability if excessive concentrations of particulate are inhaled. If prior damage to the circulatory or nervous systems has occurred or if kidney damage has been sustained, proper screenings should be conducted on individuals who may be exposed to further risk if handling and use of the material result in excessive exposures. Accidental ingestion of the material may be harmful. Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected. Based on experience with animal studies, exposure to the material may result in toxic effects to the development of the foetus, at levels which do not cause significant toxic effects to the mother.
Environmental hazards	Harmful to the environment.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (weight percent, %)
2-methyl-1-(4-methylthiophenyl)- 2-morpholinopropan-1-one	71868-10-5	400-600-6	≥99

4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if fell uncomfortable.
Skin contact	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if fell uncomfortable.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.
Inhalation	Move victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a physician immediately.
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

1 See section 11.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

1	Treat symptomatically.	
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2 Symptoms may be delayed.

5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

	Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, alcohol-resistant foam etc.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.

Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

1	Combustible solid which burns but propagates flame with difficulty; it is estimated that most organic dusts are combustible (circa 70%) - according to the circumstances under which the combustion process occurs, such materials may cause fires and / or dust explosions.
2	Combustion of vapor and liquid may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other hazardous gases.
3	Organic powders when finely divided over a range of concentrations regardless of particulate size or shape and suspended in air or some other oxidizing medium may form explosive dust-air mixtures and

result in a fire or dust explosion (including secondary explosions).

Advice for firefighters

1	Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
2	Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.
3	Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.
4	Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

1 Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

- Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors and contacting with skin and eyes.
 Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static
- discharges.

Environmental precautions

- **1** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- 2 Do not let product enter drains.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- **1** Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
- 2 Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
- 3 Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

7 Handling and storage

Precautions for handling

- **1** Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
- 2 Wear suitable protective equipment.
- 3 Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of dust.
- 4 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

Precautions for storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.
 Store away from incompatible materials such as oxidizing agents and other incompatible materials.
 Store away from foodstuff containers.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

Component	Country/Region	Limit value - Eight hours		Limit value - Short term	
component		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
	Australia	-	-	-	-
	Denmark	-	-	-	-
2-methyl-1-(4-methylthi ophenyl)-2-morpholinop	Germany (AGS)	-	-	-	-
ropan-1-one 71868-10-5	Ireland	-	-	-	-
, 1000 10 5	South Korea	-	-	-	-
	USA(OSHA)	-	-	-	-

Biological limit values

Biological limit values No information available

Monitoring methods

1 EN 14042 Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents

Engineering controls

- **1** Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
- 2 Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- 3 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Personal protection equipment

General requirement	
Eye protection	Tightly fitting safety goggles (approved by EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).
Hand protection	Protective gloves (such as butyl rubber) , approved by EN 374(EU).
Respiratory protection	Use appropriative respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent, Type AX, Brown, conforming to EN371.
Skin and body protection	Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing and antistatic boots.

9 Physical and chemical properties

Physical and chemical properties

White or off-white powder
No information available
No information available
Not applicable
73-76°C
348.8℃(760 mmHg)
165°C
≤0.25%
Not flammable
Not applicable
1.2*10 ⁻⁷ kPa
>1 (air=1.0)
1.21 (20°C , water=1.0)
Partly miscible
3.09
380°C
> 200°C
No information available

10 Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No information available.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No information available.
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	Oxidizing agents, strong acids, bases.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon monoxide and nitrogen oxide , sulfur oxide.

11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Component	Cas No.	LD ₅₀ (oral)	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	LC ₅₀ (inhalation)
2-methyl-1-(4- methylthiophen yl)-2-morpholin opropan-1-one	71868-10-5	1984mg/kg (rat)	> 2000mg/kg (rabbit)	No information available

Others

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
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Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
2-methyl-1-(4-methylthiophenyl)-2-morpholinopropan-1-one is not identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
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Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12 Ecological information

Toxicity

Component	Cas No.	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae
2-methyl-1-(4- methylthiophen yl)-2-morpholin opropan-1-one	71868-10-5	No information available	No information available	No information available

Others

Persistence and degradability	Water/Soil : High; Air: High
Bioaccumulative potential	High (Log KOW = 2.7264)
Mobility in soil	Low (KOC = 356.8)
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	2-methyl-1-(4-methylthiophenyl)-2-morpholinopropan-1-one does not meet the criteria for PBT and vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, annex XIII.

13 Disposal considerations

Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section 13.1and 13.2.

14 Transport information

Label

Label

Transport information (IMDG-CODE, ICAO/IATA-DG, UN-ADR)

UN number	3077
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	9
Transport subsidiary hazard class	-
Packing group	Ш

15 Regulatory information

International chemical inventory

Component	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	IECSC	NZLOC	PICCS	KECI
2-methyl-1-(4- methylthiophe nyl)-2-morpho linopropan-1- one	Not Listed	Listed	Listed	Not Listed	Listed	Listed	Listed

Chinese chemical inventory (2-methyl-1-(4-methylthiophenyl)-2-morpholinopropan-1-one)

《Highly toxic chemicals directory》	Not Listed
《Dangerous chemicals directory used to manufacure exploder》	Not Listed
《National dangerous wastes directory》 annex A	Not Listed
Strict limits on the import and export of toxic chemicals directory in China	Not Listed
《List of Import and Export of Controlled ODS in China》	Not Listed
《List of additives used in food containers and packaging materials in China》	Not Listed

16 Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date	2015/05/29
Revision Date	
Reason for revision	Modified according to the requirements of UN GHS(fifth revision) and GB/T 17519.

Reference

[1]IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC) ,website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
[2]IARC , website: http://www.iarc.fr/
[3]OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en
[4]CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
[5]NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
[6]EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/
[7]U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
[8]Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS –Chemical Abstracts Service	TSCA- United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory
EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	DSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	NZIOC -New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
IECSC- China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	KECI- Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
PC-STEL- Short term exposure limit	PC-TWA - Time Weighted Average
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level	IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment	PNEC – Predicted No Effect Concentration
LC_{50} - Lethal Concentration 50%	LD ₅₀ - Lethal Dose 50%
NOEC -No Observed Effect Concentration	EC_{50} - Effective Concentration 50%
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
BCF - Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
CMR - Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction	
CAS – Chemical Abstracts Service	TSCA- United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory
EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	DSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	NZIOC -New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
IECSC- China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	KECI- Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to UN GHS (the 5th revised edition). The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user' s reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their

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